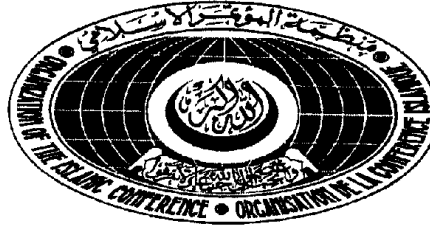


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OIC/D/2011/JIA-3-REP&DEC

**REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS
OF THE THIRD MEETING OF THE
WORK GROUP TO DEVELOP EXECUTIVE
PROGRAMMES IN ON ISSUES CONTAINED
THE TEN-YEAR
PROGRAMME OF ACTION**

**CAIRO - ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT
21 & 22 SAFAR 1432H
25 & 26 JANUARY 2011**

**REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS
OF THE THIRD MEETING OF THE WORK GROUP TO DEVELOP
EXECUTIVE PROGRAMMES IN ON ISSUES CONTAINED IN THE
TEN-YEAR
PROGRAMME OF ACTION**

**CAIRO - ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT
21 & 22 SAFAR 1432H
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Pursuant to resolution no. 1/11-DW/I.S. adopted by the 11th Session of the Islamic Summit Conference held in Dakar, Republic of Senegal, from 6 – 8 Rabiul Awwal 1429H (13 – 14 March 2008) on the endorsement of the recommendation of the Committee for Coordination of Joint Islamic Action in the Field of Dawa and of the composition of a work group of members of the Coordination Committee to develop a programme of action on issues contained in the Ten-Year Programme of Action explaining the role of Islamic organizations and institutions in the area of dawa;

Pursuant to resolution no. 1/37-Dawa on the Coordination Committee on Joint Islamic Action, adopted by the 37th Session of the Council of Foreign Ministers, held at Dushanbe, Republic of Tajikistan from 4 – 6 Jumadal Thani (18 – 20 May 2010) which, inter alia, called on the Work Group formed by the Coordination Committee on Joint Islamic Action in the Field of Dawa to continue its work of elaborating the role of Islamic institutions and organizations in the area of dawa and relief, the Work Group held its third meeting in Cairo, Arab Republic of Egypt on 25 and 26 January 2011. The Work Group, generously hosted by the World Assembly of Muslim Youth, also had in attendance the members whose names are attached in the annex.

The Group discussed the draft agenda which was adopted as follows:

1. Continuation of discussion on the role of Islamic institutions and organizations in the field of dawa and relief in implementation of the Ten Year Programme of Action adopted by the Third Extraordinary Islamic Summit.
2. Continuation of discussion on organizing joint projects under the umbrella of the Coordination Committee on Joint Islamic Action with a view to realizing the slogan “solidarity in action” among member institutions and organizations. The projects are to be implemented in the medium to long term with the objective of developing Islamic societies, especially in the fields of education, science and culture.

3. Assessment and improvement of coordination mechanisms on joint Islamic action.
4. Coordination among Islamic institutions to organize dawa, humanitarian and relief work.

In view of the cross cutting nature of elements discussed in the agenda, the meeting discussed those issues in accordance with that nature taking into account the agreements of the previous two meetings and the bilateral contacts among members of the group or between them and the Organization of the Islamic Conference, through the Department of Dawa Affairs. Based on the discussions and contacts the following recommendations were formulated.

1. Urging non-governmental organizations, in particular, members of the Coordination Committee on Joint Islamic Action to report on their contributions towards the implementation of the resolutions of the Ten-year Programme of Action adopted by the Third Extraordinary Islamic Summit, preparatory to presenting same to the Council of Foreign Minister which is scheduled to convene in the Republic of Kazakhstan in June 2011. The reports are to be classified in accordance with the paragraphs of the above-mentioned programmes. Urging member organizations to present reports to the OIC on their views on handling the impediments to coordination and proposals on how to enhance coordination, preparatory to organizing a workshop to study those reports and utilize them in developing the Committee's work.
2. The participants stressed the importance of organizing joint programmes among members of the CCJIA, within the framework of the Ten Year Programme of Action and under the supervision of the OIC. This would be in line with the priorities determined by the nature of the challenges facing the Islamic Ummah. Islamophobia, improving media performance are perhaps the issues presently constituting those priorities.
3. The scientific and political potentials in the West should be leveraged to contribute to those programmes which would define the openness, simplicity and moderation of Islam. The participants also stress the importance of effective participation in international activities organized in this regard, including the United Nations – sponsored World Interfaith Harmony Week, coming up in the beginning of next February.

4. The participants underscore the importance of setting up a website on the internet for the CCJIA in order to publish its literatures, create awareness about its competencies and facilitate communication among its members while documenting its contributions in its area of work.
5. Efforts should continue to be made at official and popular levels to confront extremist and isolationist ideas. The participants commend the programmes executed in this direction and call for effective contribution to them and for the utilization of literatures on revisionist jurisprudence which contributed to limiting that phenomenon and of relevant studies by the International Islamic Fiqh Academy.
6. The participants call for necessary steps to be taken to operationalize the CCJIA and review its establishment so that it can play its role. They hope that competent offices in the OIC would take measures to achieve that goal.
7. Endeavour should be made to have Islamic authorities, especially in the area of religious dialogue and cultural outreach and to formulate stable positions on some of the negative sentiments about Islam. Those positions should be based on the constants of the religion and the fundamentals of the creed. This would include inviting Islamic bodies working in the area of dialogue to coordinate among themselves and form a global committee for that purpose.
8. Studying what is available at the OIC Observatory on Islamophobia and at all other similar observatories in formulating a scientific programme of action to confront that phenomenon. This should be circulated to universities and research centres concerned in order to prepare necessary studies and researches to confront and respond to them. Those who take up the work, especially non-Muslims, should be encouraged, and those of them who excel, either through political positions or scientific studies, should be honoured.
9. Emphasis should be placed on the importance of confronting trends in moral decadence and westernization thoughts, especially among the youth. Coordination should be effected in implementing educational, social and religious programmes which would strengthen character, instill virtue, develop citizenship feeling among generations and raise religious deterrent in them so that they can become good citizens in their countries.
10. There is need to put the Islamic house in order and to avoid its fracture along sectarian lines by operationalizing activities and programmes that encourage

rapprochement among sects and shut out those who exploit some sectarian differences to divide the Islamic rank and utilize and distribute to those concerned the plan developed by the International Islamic Fiqh Academy.

11. The participants request the Department of Dawaa Affairs in the OIC to shape up its contacts member organizations and follow up the recommendations adopted by this meeting as well as to prepare for the eighth meeting of the CCJIA in Tehran.

General recommendations:

- The participants express their rejection of all attempts to interfere in the internal affairs of Arab and Islamic countries, undermine their social fabric and jeopardize their national unity by exploiting some isolated cases.
- The participants appeal to official and popular Islamic institutions to refute biased calls been made under the guise of defending some sections of our societies and call for the organization of Islamic – Christian activities to counter those calls.

Vote of thanks:

- The Group expressed its gratitude and appreciation to the World Islamic Call Society for hosting the work of the Group.
- The Group thanked the President, Government and people of the Arab Republic of Egypt for facilitating the task of the Work Group.

The Group expressed its gratitude to H.E. Professor Ekmeleddin Ihsanoglu, Secretary General of the Organization of the Islamic Conference, for his unflagging efforts to boost and guide joint Islamic action to promising heights.

LIST OF WORKING GROUP IN CHARGE OF ELABORATING AN EXECUTIVE PLAN FOR THE ISSUES INCLUDED IN THE TEN-YEAR PLAN OF ACTION –HELD IN CAIRO ON 25-26 JANUARY 2011

1. H.E. Abdussalam Al Abadi, Minister of Endowments and Islamic Sanctities Affairs, Amman, Jordan.
2. H.E. Dr. Abdullah Omar Nassif, Secretary General of the World Muslim Dawah and Relief Council, Cairo, Arab Republic of Egypt, Chairman of the Working Group.
3. H.E. Dr. Abdulhamid Al Mazroui, Assistant Secretary General of the World Association of Muslim Youth, Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
4. H.E. Dr. Jamal Abdurrahman Adam, representative of the Board of Trustees of the Islamic Dawah Organization, Khartoum, Republic of the Sudan.
5. Dr. Mohammad Jameel Khayat, Secretary General of the Islamic Organizations' Supreme Coordination Authority, Muslim World League, Makkah Al Mukarramah.
6. Mr. Ibrahim Al Rabu, Director of Conference Department and International Institutions, International Islamic Dawah Society, Tripoli, Libya.
7. H.E. Dr. Salah Al Jafarawi, Assistant Secretary General of the European Islamic Conference, Paris, France.
8. H.E. Amb. Dr. Fethi Merai, Rapporteur of the Committee for the Coordination of Islamic Action in the Field of Dawah.
9. Amb. Salem Al Ojeili Al Honi, High Commissioner, in charge of OIC Dawah Affairs Department.
10. Dr. Ahmed Ismael Al Basit, Professional Officer at the Dawah Affairs Department of the OIC.
